
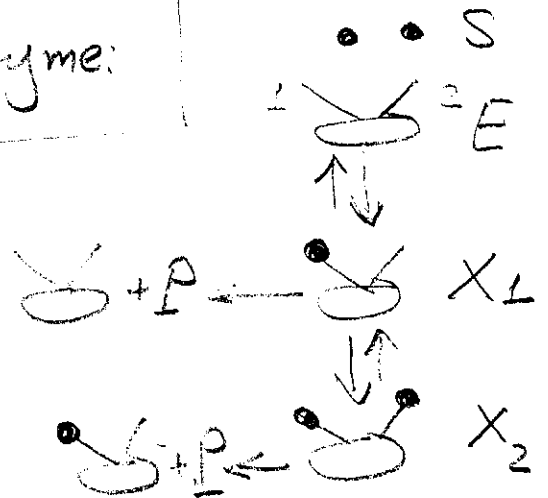
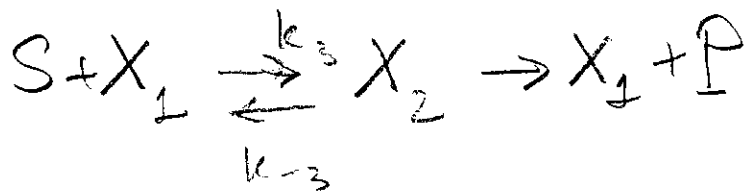
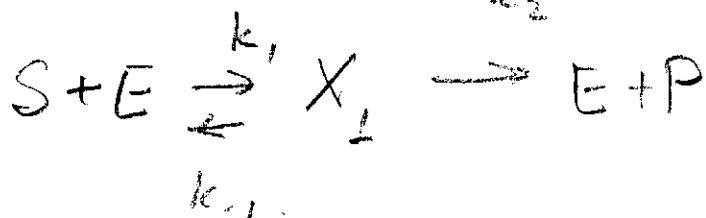


6.5: Cooperative phenomena

- * multiple binding sites on enzyme: 
- * Binding at one site affects binding at others
- * Activator substrate: binding at (1) enhances binding at (2), (3) ...
- Inhibitor — " — inhibits.

Example: 2 site enzyme:



ODEs:

$$\begin{cases} \dot{S} = -k_1 s e + (k_{-1} - k_3 s) x_1 + k_{-3} x_2 \\ \dot{x}_1 = -k_1 s e + (k_{-1} + k_2) x_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 = k_3 s x_1 - (k_{-3} + k_4) x_2 \\ \dot{e} = -k_1 s e + (k_{-1} + k_2) x_1 \\ \dot{p} = \dots \end{cases}$$

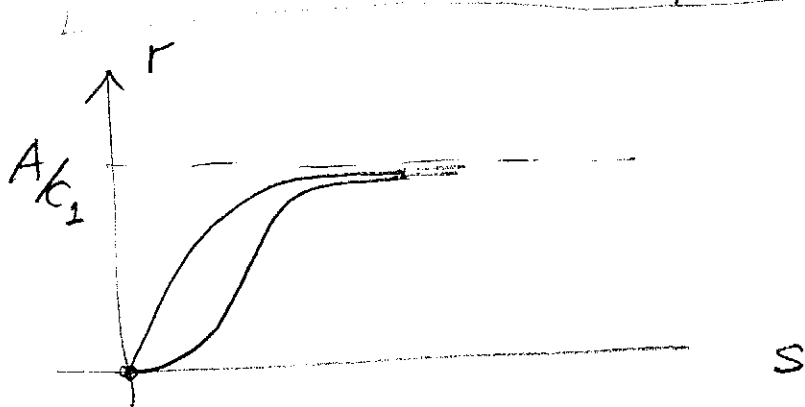
Mass action: $x_1 + x_2 + e = e_0$

Rescaling: $(x_1, x_2, e) \rightarrow \frac{1}{e_0} (x_1, x_2, e) = (v_1, v_2, e)$ (3)

$$\begin{cases} \dot{s} = -s + (a_1 + a_2 s) v_1 + a_3 v_2 = f(s, v_1, v_2) \\ \varepsilon \dot{v}_1 = s - (b_1 + b_2 s) v_1 + (b_3 - s) v_2 = g_1(s, v_1, v_2) \\ \varepsilon \dot{v}_2 = (c_1 s) v_1 - c_2 v_2 = g_2(s, v_1, v_2) \end{cases} \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{linear} \\ \text{in } v_1, v_2 \end{array}$$

Equilibrium, Q-equilibrium

$$\dot{s} = -r(s) = -s \frac{A + Bs}{A_1 + B_1 s + C_1 s^2}$$

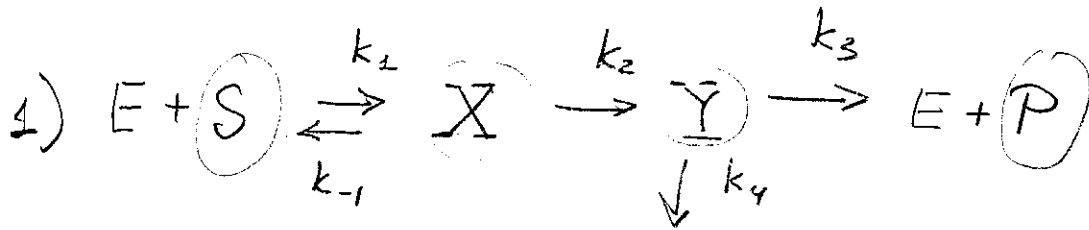


Uptake f-n

- * Stable equilibrium at 0
- * B-day layer transition (small $\varepsilon > 0$)

Uptake f-n is taken in the form $R(s) = \frac{Q s^n}{K + s^n}$ & depending on $n < 1, n = 1, n > 1$ have negative, zero, positive cooperativity!

$n = \#$ binding sites on enzyme (?)

suicide substrate

suicide substrate inactivates enzyme!

$r = \frac{k_3}{k_4}$ - partition ratio for Y pathways.

2) DS for concentrations

$$\begin{cases} \dot{s} = -k_1 e s + k_{-1} x \\ \dot{x} = k_1 e s - (k_{-1} + k_2) x \\ \dot{y} = k_2 x - (k_3 + k_4) y \\ \dot{e} = -k_1 e s + k_{-1} x + k_3 y \\ \dot{e}_i = k_4 y \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{Mass conservation} \\ (\text{intermediaries} + \\ \text{enzymes}) \end{array}$$

$x + y + e + e_i = e_0$

Reduced 4D system for (s, x, y, e_i)

$$\begin{cases} \dot{s} = -k_1 (e_0 - e_i - x - y) s + k_{-1} x \\ \dot{x} = k_1 (\quad \cdot \quad \cdot \quad \cdot) s - (k_{-1} + k_2) x \\ \dot{y} = k_2 x - (k_3 + k_4) y \\ \dot{e}_i = k_4 y \end{cases}$$

Non dimensionalize

(2)

Variables: $S = \frac{s}{s_0}; (x, y, e_i) = \frac{(x, y, e_i)}{e_0};$

Parameters:

$$K_m = \frac{k_{-1} + k_2}{k_2} = \frac{\text{removal}(X)}{\text{production}(X)} \quad - \text{Mantien}$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{e_0}{e_0 + K_m} \ll 1 \quad (\text{for } e_0 \ll K_m)$$

$$\tau = k_1 (s_0 + K_m) t \quad - \text{time}$$

D-less: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma = \frac{s_0}{K_m}; \quad \rho = \frac{k_{-1}}{k_2}; \quad \psi = \frac{k_3 + k_4}{k_{-1} + k_2}; \quad \phi = \frac{k_4}{k_{-1} + k_2} < \psi \end{array} \right.$

$$(3) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{dS}{d\tau} = -S \left[(\sigma+1) - \sigma x - (\sigma+1)y - (\sigma+1)e_i \right] + \frac{\rho}{1+\rho} x \\ \epsilon \frac{dx}{d\tau} = S \left[\dots \right] - x \\ \epsilon \frac{dy}{d\tau} = \frac{\sigma}{(\sigma+1)(\rho+1)} x - \psi y \\ \epsilon \frac{de_i}{d\tau} = \phi y \end{array} \right.$$

Introduce vector: $X = (x, y, e_i)$ - intermed. + inactive

Write (3) as

$$(4) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \dot{s} = -\boxed{f(X)s} + g(X) \\ \dot{X} = \boxed{f(X)s} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - A \cdot X \end{array} \right. \quad \text{with Linear } f\text{-ns}$$

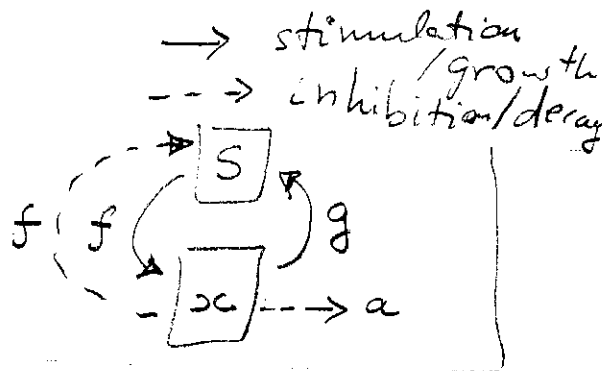
$$f(X) = (\sigma+1) \left[1 - \left(\frac{\sigma}{\sigma+1}, 1, 1 \right) \cdot X \right]$$

$$g(X) = \left(\frac{\rho}{\rho+1}, 0, 0 \right) \cdot X$$

Matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{\sigma}{\rho+1} & \psi & 0 \\ 0 & -\phi & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

3) Reduced 2D version of (4):
 activator-inhibitor $\begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \downarrow \end{matrix}$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{S} = -f(x)S + g(x) \\ \dot{x} = f(x)S - ax \end{cases}$$

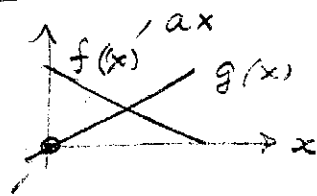


x stimulates growth of S by $g(x)$
 & removes w. rate $f(x)$

S stimulates growth of x by $f(x)S \propto S$
 \oplus x decays at rate a

Equilibria:

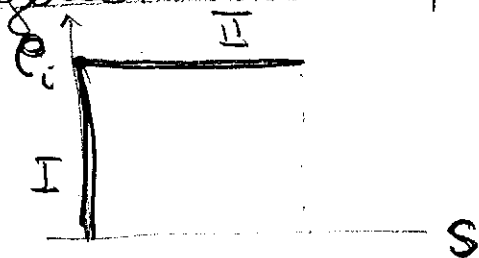
$$\begin{cases} g(x) = ax \\ x^* = 0; S^* = 0 \end{cases}$$



Jacobian: $J = \begin{bmatrix} -f & -f's + g' \\ f & f's - a \end{bmatrix} \Big|_{(0,0)} = \begin{bmatrix} -f_0 & g'_0 \\ f_0 & -a \end{bmatrix}$

$\text{tr } J < 0, \det J = f_0(a - g'_0) > 0 \Rightarrow \text{stable}$

Problem: (a) Show that system (4) has degenerate equilibria: $x^* = y^* = 0$ &



- (I) $S=0; 0 \leq x \leq 1 \leftarrow$ no subst.
- (II) $0 \leq S \leq 1; x=1 \leftarrow$ all enzyme inactivated

(b) Show (analytically or numerically) that all solutions converge to one of degenerate equilibria