## Math 423 Homework 8

1. Let $f(x)=\prod_{j=1}^{n} x_{j}^{\alpha_{j}}$ for $\alpha_{j} \in \mathbb{N} \cup\{0\}$ (so $f$ is a monomial on $\mathbb{R}^{n}$ ). Show that $\int f d \sigma=0$ if any of the $\alpha_{j}$ is odd, and if all the $\alpha_{j}$ are even, then

$$
\int f d \sigma=\frac{2 \Gamma\left(\beta_{1}\right) \cdots \Gamma\left(\beta_{n}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\beta_{1}+\cdots+\beta_{n}\right)}
$$

where $\beta_{j}=\frac{\alpha_{j}+1}{2}$.
Hint: use the same idea that we used to find the surface area of the sphere: calculate $\int f(x) e^{-x^{2}} d x$ in two ways.
2. Let $\nu$ be a signed measure.
(a) Show that $E$ is $\nu$-null if and only if $|\nu|(E)=0$.
(b) If $\mu$ is another signed measure, show that $\nu \perp \mu$ if and only if $|\nu| \perp \mu$, if and only if $\nu^{+} \perp \mu$ and $\nu^{-} \perp \mu$.
3. Let $\mu$ be a positive measure on $(X, \mathcal{M})$, and let $f$ be an extended $\mu$-integrable function. Define $\nu(E)=\int_{E} f d \mu$. Describe the Hahn decompositions of $X$ for $\nu$ and the positive, negative, and total variations of $\nu$ in terms of $f$ and $\mu$.

